

Introduction: The mystery of the true Cross

Among the many signs that have marked the history of salvation, none is as powerful and profound as the Cross. We're not just talking about a symbol, but a real, tangible object—the very instrument that held the body of the Redeemer. At the heart of this truth lies a relic that has been venerated for centuries: **the Vera Cruz**, the "True Cross" of Christ.

In times of uncertainty, relativism, and loss of meaning, looking at the Cross is not a romantic or nostalgic gesture—it's an urgent necessity. In it, we find the origin of our redemption, the core of our faith, and a constant call to personal conversion. But what exactly is the Vera Cruz? Where was it found? And why is it still so relevant today?

This article is an invitation to embark on a journey through centuries, continents, and hearts. Because the Cross is not a dead memory—it is a living presence.

1. What is the Vera Cruz?

The term *Vera Cruz* literally means "the True Cross." It refers to the **wooden cross on** which Jesus Christ was crucified, and which was discovered, according to venerable Christian tradition, in the 4th century.

From the earliest centuries, Christians had a deep reverence for everything related to Christ's Passion: the thorns, the nails, the tunic, the tomb... but above all, the Cross, because it was the altar on which the Lamb of God was sacrificed. However, after the Resurrection and the destruction of Jerusalem in 70 A.D., the exact location of the Cross was lost... until a devout empress changed history.

2. Saint Helena and the discovery of the Vera Cruz

Saint Helena, mother of Emperor Constantine, was the central figure in one of the most important episodes in Christian history. Though Christianity had been brutally persecuted for centuries, her son proclaimed religious freedom through the **Edict of Milan** in 313. Helena, having converted to Christianity in her old age, decided to travel to the Holy Land with a clear mission: to locate the sacred sites of Christ's life.



She arrived in Jerusalem in 326, when the city was still heavily Romanized. There, with the help of Bishop Macarius of Jerusalem and guided by the oral tradition of local Christians, she began excavations at the site later identified as **Golgotha**.

According to tradition recorded by Saint Ambrose, Saint Cyril of Jerusalem, and other Church Fathers, under an ancient Roman temple dedicated to Venus, Saint Helena found three crosses. But how could they identify the true one?

This is where the miracle happened: when one of the crosses touched the body of a dying woman, **she was instantly healed**. There was no doubt—this was the **Vera Cruz**, the cross on which the Savior of the world had hung.

3. The veneration and spread of the Vera Cruz

After the discovery, Saint Helena ordered the construction of a basilica over the site: the **Church of the Holy Sepulchre**, which still stands today as one of Christianity's holiest places.

The Vera Cruz was placed in a special reliquary and venerated by the faithful. Over time, especially during the Crusades, fragments of the Cross were distributed throughout **Christendom**. Kings, bishops, popes, and monasteries received pieces of the *lignum crucis* (the wood of the Cross) and treasured them as sacred spiritual gifts.

During the Middle Ages, the Vera Cruz became a universal center of devotion. **Confraternities of the Vera Cruz**, founded in Spain and Italy, promoted the cult of Christ's Passion by organizing processions, prayers, and works of charity. In Spain, for example, these brotherhoods multiplied, especially in Andalusia and Castile, and played a vital role in popular religious life.

4. The theology of the Vera Cruz: Why do we venerate the Cross?

Venerating the Cross is not idolatry, as some have claimed. We do not adore the wood—we honor what it represents: the infinite love of God made sacrifice.

The Cross is:



- The throne of the crucified King (cf. |n 19:19).
- The altar of the redemptive sacrifice.
- The pulpit from which Christ taught love to the extreme.
- The key to heaven, as the Church Fathers said.

Saint Andrew, when he saw the cross on which he would be martyred, exclaimed: "O good Cross, long desired, eagerly sought!" This was how the early Christians understood this instrument of torture, transformed into a glorious banner.

We venerate the Vera Cruz because it bears witness to the most sublime moment in **history**, when sin was conquered and death was defeated.

5. Is the Vera Cruz authentic? A matter of faith

The question inevitably arises: how do we know that the fragments we venerate are authentic? Many have accused the Church of superstition or fraud, especially during the Protestant Reformation. Some even mocked, saying "there are so many splinters of the Cross, you could build a ship."

However, scientific studies (like those by Charles Rohault de Fleury in the 19th century) have shown that **the total amount of existing fragments is small**, and altogether they do not exceed the logical dimensions of a first-century cross. Moreover, beyond archaeological data, the Church has never made belief in any relic an essential part of faith: devotion arises from faith, not the other way around.

As with many other Christian mysteries, it's less about scientific proof and more about spiritual openness. The Cross that saved the world has not disappeared: it remains alive in the liturgy, in the witness of martyrs, in offered suffering, and in every Mass celebrated.

6. The Vera Cruz today: A living heritage

In the 21st century—when suffering is despised, redemption is forgotten, and life's transcendent meaning is denied—the Cross rises again as a powerful call. The Vera Cruz is not merely an archaeological object: it is a presence that confronts us.



The confraternities of the Vera Cruz still exist. In many cities, devotion continues with Good Friday processions, adorations, Stations of the Cross, and works of mercy. Because one cannot look at the Cross and remain indifferent.

Today, more than ever, we must rediscover the power of the Cross:

- When the world promotes hedonism, the Cross reminds us that **true love involves** sacrifice.
- When we're tempted to escape pain, the Cross teaches us to offer it up and find meaning in it.
- When pride rules hearts, the Cross preaches the humility of the crucified God.

7. A spiritual guide from the Vera Cruz

And you? Have you looked at the Cross lately?

Not with the eyes of the body, but with the eyes of the soul. Have you realized that this wood is God's embrace of your misery? That there is no wound it has not touched with love?

Look at the Cross:

- When you don't understand suffering.
- When you feel alone.
- When life feels heavy.
- When you need to forgive or be forgiven.

Make the Cross your refuge. Return to the Vera Cruz.

Conclusion: Beneath the Cross, there is always hope

The Vera Cruz, discovered by an empress moved by faith, is not just a relic of the past. It is a compass guiding us through chaos. It is a banner of victory amid the battle. It is a bridge between heaven and earth.

Today, just as in the past, the Cross of Christ stands tall. **Not as a monument, but as a** calling. Will you listen?



If this article has touched your heart, don't keep it to yourself. **Share the Cross. Embrace** the Cross. Live from the Cross.

Because only there will you find true life.