

Introduction: A Historical and Spiritual Treasure

In a fast-paced world where faith is sometimes lived superficially, rediscovering the roots of our Christian tradition can be a beacon illuminating our path. The *Itinerarium Burdigalense* (or *Bordeaux Itinerary*) is one of those hidden treasures that connects us with the first pilgrims—those brave souls who, moved by ardent faith, embarked on journeys to the Holy Land, following in the footsteps of Christ.

Written in 333 A.D. by an anonymous pilgrim from Bordeaux, this document is the oldest surviving account of a Christian pilgrimage. It is not merely a travel diary but a testimony of faith, a spiritual guide that shows us how early Christians lived their devotion.

In this article, we will explore:

- 1. The historical context of the Itinerarium Burdigalense
- 2. Its theological and spiritual relevance
- 3. A practical guide to living the spirituality of pilgrimage today
- 4. How to apply these teachings in the celebration of Holy Week

1. The Itinerarium Burdigalense: History and Significance

What Exactly Is It?

The *Itinerarium Burdigalense* is a manuscript describing a pilgrim's journey from Bordeaux (France) to Jerusalem, detailing the routes, cities visited, and—most importantly—the holy sites associated with Jesus' life.

Unlike later accounts (such as Egeria's in the 4th century), this text is concise, almost like a log of distances and stops. Yet its value lies in its antiquity and how it reflects early Christian devotion to the *loca sancta* (holy places).

The Anonymous Pilgrim: Who Was He?

We do not know his name, but his journey speaks of a heart thirsting for God. At a time when Christianity had just emerged from secrecy (after the Edict of Milan in 313 A.D.), this pilgrim



undertook a perilous journey, demonstrating that the desire to walk where Christ lived, died, and rose was already deeply ingrained.

The Route: A Path of Faith

The itinerary includes:

- From Bordeaux to Constantinople: passing through Italy and the Balkans.
- From Constantinople to the Holy Land: visiting Antioch, Tyre, and Caesarea.
- Jerusalem and its holy sites: the Mount of Olives, the Holy Sepulchre, the Upper Room, Bethlehem, etc.

What is fascinating is that, though the text is brief, each stop evokes a biblical passage, showing how geography becomes "theography" (God's writing).

2. Theological Relevance: Why Does It Matter Today?

Pilgrimage as a Living Sacrament

The Catechism of the Catholic Church (no. 1674) describes pilgrimages as "signs of our journey toward the Father's house." The *Itinerarium Burdigalense* reminds us that pilgrimage is not religious tourism but an act of faith that:

- Connects us to salvation history (like Abraham, who set out not knowing where he was going—Hebrews 11:8).
- Conforms us to Christ the Pilgrim (Luke 9:58: "Foxes have dens, but the Son of Man has no place to lay his head").
- Renews our conversion, since every external journey must reflect an interior one.

Jerusalem: The Heart of the Paschal Mystery

The Bordeaux pilgrim arrives in Jerusalem at a pivotal moment—shortly after St. Helena (Constantine's mother) discovered the True Cross and the first basilicas were built. His account lets us glimpse how liturgy was already celebrated there, especially during Holy Week.



3. Practical Guide: How to Live the Spirit of the **Itinerarium Today**

A. The Interior Pilgrimage: A Journey of the Soul

Not everyone can travel to the Holy Land, but all are called to be pilgrims in spirit.

Spiritual Exercise:

- 1. Choose a "holy place" in your life (a church, a crucifix at home, or a moment of prayer).
- 2. Meditate on a related Scripture passage (e.g., Calvary—John 19:17-30).
- 3. **Offer a sacrifice** (a walk, fasting, an act of mercy) as a sign of your pilgrimage.

B. Holy Week: Reliving Christ's Itinerary

The Itinerarium Burdigalense highlights key sites of the Passion. We can imitate the anonymous pilgrim with this plan:

Palm Sunday:

- **Reading:** Matthew 21:1-11 (entry into Jerusalem).
- Action: Bless palms and meditate on how we welcome Christ into our hearts.

Holy Thursday:

- **Reading:** John 13:1-15 (washing of the feet).
- Action: Visit seven churches (a traditional practice), recalling Jesus' path from the Upper Room to Gethsemane.

Good Friday:

- Reading: John 18-19 (the Passion).
- Action: Pray the Stations of the Cross, imagining each station as a stop on the pilgrimage of the Cross.

Holy Saturday:



- **Reading:** 1 Peter 3:18-22 (Christ in the tomb).
- **Action:** Keep silence and prepare your heart for the Resurrection.

Easter Sunday:

- **Reading:** Matthew 28:1-10.
- Action: Celebrate with joy, like the pilgrim arriving at the Holy Sepulchre to find, "He is not here; He has risen!"

Conclusion: A Call to Be Pilgrims in the 21st Century

The Itinerarium Burdigalense is not just a historical document—it is an invitation to live our faith with the same passion as those early Christians. In a world searching for answers, we carry the certainty that Christ is the Way (John 14:6).

How will you respond?

- If you can, visit a shrine or make a pilgrimage.
- If you cannot, turn your home into a "holy place" where each day is a step toward God.

May we, like the pilgrim from Bordeaux, journey through life toward the heavenly Jerusalem—our true homeland.

"Blessed are those who dwell in your house, O Lord; they will praise you forever." (Psalm 84:5).

Happy pilgrimage!