



At a time when many women were considered intellectually inferior by much of society, an extraordinary voice emerged that dared to respond with intelligence, faith, and courage. That voice was Christine de Pizan, author of one of the most remarkable works of the Middle Ages: *The Book of the City of Ladies*.

Long before modern debates about the role of women, Christine built a profound defense of female dignity based on history, reason, virtue, and, to a great extent, a Christian vision of the human person. Her work was not a revolution against God, nor against the family, nor against motherhood. It was a revolution against injustice, ignorance, and prejudice.

Today, more than six hundred years later, *The City of Ladies* continues to offer valuable lessons for Catholics, educators, parents, and anyone interested in understanding the true dignity of women according to God's plan.

Who Was Christine de Pizan?

Christine was born in Venice in 1364 and spent much of her life in France. Her father was a physician and astrologer at the French royal court. Thanks to this, she received an exceptional education for a woman of her time.

However, her life changed dramatically when she was widowed while still young. With several children to support and facing financial difficulties, she made an extraordinary decision: to earn her living through her writing.

In doing so, she became one of the first women in Europe to support herself financially as a professional writer.

Yet Christine did not limit herself to poetry. She also participated actively in the great intellectual debates of her era, especially when she noticed that numerous literary works portrayed women as irrational beings, weak, or morally inferior.

Faced with these accusations, she decided to respond.

And her response was a masterpiece.



What Is *The City of Ladies*?

Published in 1405, *The City of Ladies* is an allegory.

Christine imagines that three heavenly ladies appear before her:

- Reason.
- Rectitude.
- Justice.

These figures command her to construct a symbolic city intended to house all the virtuous women of history.

Stone by stone, the author builds a spiritual city inhabited by queens, saints, martyrs, exemplary wives, heroic mothers, wise women, rulers, and women distinguished by their virtues.

The message is clear:

Prejudice against women is born not from truth but from ignorance.

An Intellectual Battle Against Medieval Misogyny

To understand the importance of this work, one must remember that many texts circulated throughout the Middle Ages that ridiculed women.

Many authors repeated stereotypes:

- Women are less rational.
- They are more prone to sin.
- They are incapable of governing.



- They are intellectually inferior.

Christine did not simply accept these assertions.

Her method was deeply rational.

She did not respond with insults.

She did not respond with hatred.

She did not respond by setting men against women.

She responded by examining history.

And she discovered something obvious:

Reality contradicted those prejudices.

If women were naturally incapable, how could one explain the existence of saints, queens, heroines, scholars, and martyrs?

Experience demonstrated exactly the opposite.

A Profoundly Christian Intuition

Although many modern scholars attempt to present Christine merely as a precursor of contemporary feminism, the reality is far richer.

Her vision is deeply permeated by the medieval Christian worldview.

For Christine, the dignity of women does not arise from a struggle against divine creation.

Rather, it arises precisely from having been created by God.

Here we find an essential lesson for our own time.

The Church has always taught that men and women possess equal dignity because both were



created in the image and likeness of God.

Sacred Scripture declares:

“So God created man in His own image, in the image of God He created him; male and female He created them.”

(Genesis 1:27)

The fundamental equality of man and woman is not a modern discovery.

It is a revealed truth.

Christine understood this reality centuries before it became a political debate.

Woman in God’s Plan

One of the most fascinating aspects of *The City of Ladies* is that it does not seek to masculinize women.

Nor does it attempt to erase the differences between the sexes.

On the contrary, it celebrates the specific gifts God has bestowed upon women.

This perspective coincides with traditional Catholic teaching.

The Church has never taught that men and women are identical.

She has taught that they are equal in dignity and different in vocation, psychology, and mission.

Difference does not imply inferiority.

Just as the heart and lungs have distinct functions but equal importance for the body, men



and women participate in complementary ways in the divine plan.

Christine understood this complementarity long before the term itself existed.

The Great Modern Absence: The Female Saints

One striking aspect of many contemporary discussions about women is that they often ignore the saints.

Christine, however, builds much of her city precisely upon exemplary women.

From a Catholic perspective, this is enormously significant.

The saints represent the most perfect realization of womanhood.

We do not honor them because of political power.

Not because of wealth.

Not because of social influence.

We honor them because they allowed grace to transform their lives completely.

Consider figures such as:

- Saint Teresa of Ávila.
- Saint Catherine of Siena.
- Saint Hildegard of Bingen.
- Saint Joan of Arc.

Each demonstrates that female holiness can manifest itself in extraordinarily diverse ways.



The Virgin Mary: The True Queen of the City of Ladies

Although Christine's work contains numerous references to illustrious women, for a Catholic the logical culmination of any ideal city of women is the Virgin Mary.

She is the definitive answer to those who have despised womanhood.

For God chose to accomplish the Incarnation through the free consent of a woman.

Mary is not a secondary character in the history of salvation.

She is the New Eve.

The most exalted creature ever created.

The Queen of Heaven and Earth.

The Church sings of her:

| *"All generations shall call me blessed."*

| *(Luke 1:48)*

In Mary we find the perfect synthesis of all the virtues Christine admired:

- Wisdom.
- Fortitude.
- Purity.
- Humility.
- Fidelity.



What Can This Work Teach Us in the Twenty-First Century?

We live in an age marked by two opposite errors.

On the one hand, forms of contempt toward women still persist.

On the other, ideologies have emerged that present sexual difference as a problem that must be eliminated.

The Christian vision rejects both extremes.

The City of Ladies offers a more balanced alternative.

It reminds us that:

- Human dignity comes from God.
- Virtue is worth more than power.
- Intelligence does not depend on sex.
- Holiness is open to everyone.
- True greatness consists in serving God.

These teachings are just as necessary today as they were six hundred years ago.

Pastoral Applications for Daily Life

1. Educating Girls Toward Excellence

Christine insisted that many women appeared inferior simply because they were denied education.

The lesson remains valid.

Girls should be encouraged to develop fully their intellectual, artistic, and spiritual talents.



Mediocrity should never be justified on the basis of sex.

2. Recovering Authentic Female Role Models

Many young women grow up admiring fleeting celebrities.

The Christian tradition offers far more solid models.

The lives of the saints demonstrate that true beauty arises from virtue.

3. Valuing Motherhood Without Reducing Women to It

Motherhood is a sublime vocation.

Yet women possess a spiritual richness that transcends even this mission.

The history of the Church is filled with religious sisters, martyrs, mystics, and Doctors of the Church who transformed the world.

4. Fighting Prejudice With Truth

Christine did not respond to attacks with resentment.

She responded with arguments.

Catholics are called to do the same.

Truth convinces more deeply than aggression.



A City Still Under Construction

Christine de Pizan's genius lies in her understanding that the true battle has never been between men and women.

The battle has always been between truth and error.

Between virtue and sin.

Between human dignity and the ideologies that degrade it.

The City of Ladies is not merely a medieval book.

It is a perpetual invitation to recognize the beauty of the feminine vocation according to God's design.

Every woman who lives in a state of grace, every mother who raises her children in the faith, every religious sister who offers her life to Christ, every young woman who seeks holiness, every wife who remains faithful, and every martyr who bears witness to the truth adds another stone to that spiritual city.

And above them all rises the figure of the Blessed Virgin Mary, the Woman par excellence, in whom the greatness God intended for womanhood is fully revealed.

Perhaps this is why Christine's deepest lesson remains so relevant today: the authentic dignity of women does not need to be invented or constantly redefined. It needs to be rediscovered in the light of God.

For when the world forgets who woman is, the Christian faith remembers who created her.

And when society tries to measure her worth by power, success, or influence, the Gospel continues to proclaim an eternal truth: the greatest human greatness is holiness.

That is the true City of Ladies.

And its gates remain open.