



In Catholic tradition, the mystery of evil has always been a reality that deeply challenges human understanding. How can we comprehend the presence of evil in the world and, in particular, the role of the devil in the spiritual struggle? While many think of the devil as a singular being representing absolute evil, Catholic theology reveals a more complex and deeply organized reality: demons have hierarchies, a distorted reflection of the divine order they rejected. This knowledge not only sheds light on spiritual reality but also carries practical implications for our life of faith.

Join us on this theological journey, which will take us from the biblical roots of this teaching to its impact on our daily lives.

---

## A Look at Angelic Hierarchies and Their Rebellion

To understand demonic hierarchies, we must first explore their counterpart: angelic hierarchies. According to Catholic tradition, based on authors such as Dionysius the Areopagite and Thomas Aquinas, angels were created by God as spiritual beings destined to share in His glory. They are divided into nine choirs or hierarchies, grouped into three major orders:

1. **First hierarchy:** Seraphim, Cherubim, and Thrones, closest to God, who contemplate His glory.
2. **Second hierarchy:** Dominions, Virtues, and Powers, responsible for governing the cosmos.
3. **Third hierarchy:** Principalities, Archangels, and Angels, who are more directly involved in human affairs.

When Satan, originally a cherub named Lucifer, rebelled against God, he led a multitude of angels who shared his pride. These fallen angels, separated from God, retained their natural gifts, including intelligence and power, but now use them for evil. Thus arose demonic hierarchies, a structure that mirrors, in a perverse way, the celestial order.

---



## What Does the Bible Say About Demonic Hierarchies?

Scripture provides clues about this organization. St. Paul, in his Letter to the Ephesians (6:12), warns us:

*“For our struggle is not against flesh and blood, but against principalities, against powers, against the rulers of the darkness of this world, against the spiritual forces of evil in the heavenly realms.”*

This passage is crucial as it mentions different levels of evil spirits, suggesting a structured hierarchy. Additionally, in the Gospel of Luke (8:30), Jesus asks the demon possessing a man, “What is your name?” and the response was, “Legion,” because we are many. This confirms that demons do not act alone but as an organized force.

---

## The Theology of Demonic Hierarchies

Saints and theologians have deeply reflected on this reality. St. Thomas Aquinas, in his *Summa Theologica*, explains that demons retain their original hierarchical ranks but use them to oppose God’s plan. Just as with angels, the higher-ranking demons possess greater intelligence and power, making them leaders in the spiritual battle against good.

Moreover, some saints, such as St. Francis de Sales and St. Teresa of Avila, described how demons collaborate to tempt and lead souls astray. However, while their power is real, it is limited by God’s will. As the *Catechism of the Catholic Church* (n. 395) states, “The power of Satan is not infinite. He cannot prevent the building up of God’s reign.”

---

## Practical Implications: How Does This Affect Our Spiritual Life?

### 1. Understanding the Enemy’s Strategy

Knowing that demons act in an organized way helps us understand the subtlety of their temptations. Each demon, according to its rank, may attack different aspects of our lives: the



most powerful target societal and cultural structures, while others focus on individual weaknesses.

For example, pride, greed, and lust are temptations that the most cunning demons use to sow discord and lead us away from God. Recognizing these tactics helps us resist them more effectively.

## **2. Living in a State of Grace**

The best defense against the enemy's attacks is living in a state of grace. Regular confession, the Eucharist, and prayer are powerful spiritual weapons. Additionally, praying the Rosary and invoking St. Michael the Archangel, protector against evil spirits, are practices recommended by the Church.

## **3. Fostering Unity**

While demons seek to divide, angels and God call us to unity. In our families, communities, and parishes, we must strive to build relationships based on love and humility. Every act of unity is a victory against evil.

---

## **A Battle That Is Already Won**

While the spiritual struggle is real, we must not forget that Christ has already triumphed over evil. His sacrifice on the cross and His resurrection guarantee our final victory. As St. John reminds us in Revelation (12:9), Satan and his angels were defeated and cast out of heaven. This victory is renewed in our lives every time we choose good, trusting in God's grace.

---

## **Conclusion: Hope and Strength in the Struggle**

Knowing that the devil has hierarchies should not fill us with fear but with awareness and strength. The Church provides us with all the tools we need to face the enemy: the sacraments, prayer, and the support of the faith community. Additionally, we have the help of the saints and angels, especially our guardian angel, to guide us on the path to heaven.



Always remember St. Paul's words: *"If God is for us, who can be against us?"* (Romans 8:31). The struggle may be tough, but with Christ as our captain, victory is assured. Let us live with confidence, perseverance, and hope, knowing that evil will never have the final word.